

Year 5 - Autumn 2 - RE Knowledge Organiser

What I already know...

- That Muhammad is the prophet of Allah.
- That Muslims have 99 names for Allah
- Muslims have different celebrations and festivals like Eid-ul-Fitr and Ramadan
- Some stories about the prophet Muhammad
- Muslims travel to Mecca on their Hajj

Key Vocabulary

Five Pillars	The five basic ritual or devotional duties of Sunni Muslims, namely: Shahada a declaration of faith in God; salat, five daily prayers; sawm, fasting; zakat, alms- giving; and hajj, pilgrimage to Mecca.
Hajj	A Muslim pilgrimage to Mecca, which takes place in the last month of the year and which all Muslims are expected to make at least once during their lifetime if they can afford to do so. It is one of the Five Pillars of Islam.
Hadith	A statement, action or approval attribut- ed to the Prophet of Islam, Muhammad (PBUH).
Eid-ul-Fitr	Known as the "Festival of Breaking the Fast", is a religious holiday celebrated by Muslims worldwide that marks the end of Ramadan
Tawhid	Arabic for "declaring one god". Muslims believe that there is only one God.
Qur'an (Koran)	The Islamic sacred book, believed to be the word of God as dictated to Muham- mad by the archangel Gabriel in 610. It was written down in Arabic.

What I will learn...

- The Five Pillars of Islam are the five obligations that every Muslim must satisfy in order to live a good and responsible life according to Islam. Shahadah (belief in ONE God and his Prophet); salat (daily prayer); sawm (fasting); zakah (almsgiving); and hajj (pilgrimage).
- Eid-ul-Fitr It is celebrated on the 1st day of the month of Shawwal. On this day, Muslims are encouraged to dress in their best clothes and attend a special Eid prayer at their mosque. Before the prayer begins, Muslims make an alms payment (the Zakat al Fitr) in the form of food or its cash equivalent. This food and/or money is then distributed to the poor. After the special religious service, the focus turns to gift-giving. Children are given many gifts. Women get gifts from their loved ones.
- There are different Muslim groups Sunni, Shi'a and Sufi. The Sunni and Shi'a agree on the main principals of Islam but differ with other aspects such as historical experiences. Sufi Muslims are emphatic that Islamic knowledge should be learned from teachers and not exclusively from books.
- In the Qur'an there are many stories some of which are shared with other religions such as Christian and Jewish people.
- There are over 1,500 mosques in the UK. A typical mosque also includes a minaret, a dome and a place to wash before prayers. Each feature has its own significance.
- Architecture is one of the greatest Islamic art forms.
 Mosques are highly decorated and colour is a key feature.
 This level of decoration is reserved for the inside only.



Making a difference at The Merton

This Autumn term, children will build upon their prior learning of Islam. Children will explore the question, **'What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?'.** They will immerse themselves in the Islam religion, learning about all key aspects and what daily life for a British Muslim is like. Opportunities for debate will be given including how non-religious people decide how to live their lives and discuss moral dilemmas.

Making a difference at home

Discuss the key vocabulary and the meanings of the words. Discuss if the Islamic practices explored are in any way similar to anything that they do in their lives. Discuss with family and/or friends who are Muslim what their experiences are of being a Muslim in Britain today.

